

# **FOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

A gold "flash crash" shocked and appalled commodity traders exactly one year after gold hit an all-time high on August 6th 2020. It wasn't an issue with gold bullion itself, but a sudden and unexpected plunge in gold paper/futures contract prices that represented the biggest two-day drop in gold (in dollar terms) since the March 2020 crash.

How is this even allowed to happen? With no clear catalyst in the real world, gold prices plunged to as low as \$1,677 or nearly \$100 lower than the previous trading session's close of \$1,761.50.

This wasn't a normal reaction to a move in the U.S. dollar or Treasury yields. It's like the oil market, where nations can simply decide to increase or decrease production based on political/economic factors.



Courtesy: ZeroHedge

This was an outright massacre, with 24,000 gold futures contracts – valued at more than \$4 billion on a notional basis – being unceremoniously dumped.

These moves have become normal in the financial markets, and particularly in the futures markets, where manipulation and suppression are established realities, even if not everyone wants to acknowledge it.

Anyone with extensive experience in the commodity markets isn't surprised by what just happened. The fact is that big bullion banks have been using underhanded tactics to move asset prices for years.

When we look through the scandalous history of futures contract manipulation, it becomes evident that physical bullion trades at a premium to the futures contracts for a very good reason: it has actual intrinsic value, much more than its paper counterpart.

# **GOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

Actually, you could go all the way back to the London Gold Pool in 1961, which held the gold price at \$35 per ounce, if you wanted to find a more obvious example of gold market rigging. This impacted the gold price until 1971 with the Nixon Shock, which resulted in a massive bullion bull market in which the price of gold rapidly appreciated to \$850 in 1980.

Gold will continue on its upward trajectory, and physical bullion will provide growth and risk hedging for portfolios of all sizes and types. In the short term, however, the big bankers will use shady tactics to suppress paper contract prices.

Price rigging tactics of the modern era are more sophisticated and technology-dependent than those of the early 1960s.

They'll typically involve spoofing: putting fake orders in the futures markets to buy or sell and then withdrawing those orders before they are executed with the intention of moving the price.

This practice has been documented for more than a decade, and while it's illegal (the Dodd-Frank Act specifically prohibits spoofing), workers at big-bank trading desks have been encouraged to move asset prices in their favor.



Courtesy: forbes.com

It's so easy to do that the manipulators are downright cocky about their ability to rig the markets with ease. Case in point: on January 28, 2009, when Edward Bases was working at Deutsche Bank, he <u>routed</u> bids to buy 2,740 gold futures contracts valued at around \$244 million over the course of 4.5 minutes.

At the same time, a fellow Deutsche Bank trader coordinated with Bases and sold his 170 contracts worth \$15,172,500, as the price rose.

"That does show you how easy it is to manipulate it sometimes," Bases wrote in a chat message to the other Deutsche Bank trader minutes after the trade.

# "I fuck the market around a lot," Bases wrote in another message.

Bases arrogantly exploited the paper markets on behalf of not only Deutsche Bank, but also Merrill Lynch. Now, Bases and fellow Merrill Lynch trader John Pacilio are facing federal fraud charges for allegedly spoofing the futures markets from 2008 to 2014.

To a certain extent, U.S. federal regulators have been successful in cracking down on these practices. For instance, the Commodity Futures and Trading Commission (CFTC) fined Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc. (MLCI) \$25 million back in 2019.



Courtesy: usfunds.com

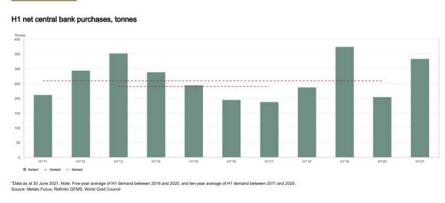
# **GOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

They caught one trader <u>writing</u> in an electronic chat: "Guys, the algos are really geared up in here. If you spoof this, it really moves."

James McDonald, the CFTC Director of Enforcement, basically admitted that gold and silver prices could be significantly higher if it weren't for the illegal price manipulation: "If left unchecked, this sort of misconduct can undermine the integrity of the price discovery process."

Of course, \$25 million is pocket change for a massive financial institution like Merrill Lynch. Still, the crackdowns and fines could knock the wind out of the manipulators. Central banks know this, and they're preparing for the next move higher:

# Central bank demand has picked up during the first half of 2021



Courtesy: usfunds.com

The perpetrators are being caught and punished, slowly but surely. Among the most notorious offenders is JPMorgan, which actually <u>admitted</u> wrongdoing and agreed to pay more than \$920 million to resolve market manipulation charges involving two of the bank's trading desks.

Again, the arrogance was on full display. In a November 2012 chat, one trader described using "a little razzle dazzle to juke the algos" in order to manipulate paper contract prices.

The crackdown and punishment were administered late last year and marked the largest spoofing-related sanction on record. It sets a precedent that, hopefully, regulators will seek out and punish wrongdoers even at the highest levels of the big-bank hierarchy.

Along with government scrutiny, banking regulations known as Basel III, recommended by the Bank for International Settlements, could help put an end to gold and silver price suppression.



Courtesy: U.S. Global Investors

# **BOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

With Basel III, the regulations could make the use of unallocated/paper metal prohibitively expensive for big banks, and without the vast supplies of imaginary gold and silver, price suppression will be impractical or impossible.

The London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) has protested the enactment of Basel III (as <u>cited by GATA</u>), but the LBMA banks are the ones that create the paper gold for price suppression purposes.

In any case, the days of the great gold and silver heist – in the form of paper contract manipulation, which went on for at least a decade – will be recorded in the history books as a dark chapter in the financial markets.

### **GOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

### **DISCLAIMER/DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

#### Introduction

We are paid advertisers through any one or several of the following entities, which entities are controlled by the same owners and other owners in varying percentages: (a) Future Money Trends, LLC, (b) Gold Standard Media, LLC; Gold Standard Media, LLC, ShtfPlan.com, Wealth Research Group, LLC, Portfolio Wealth Global, LLC, Wallace Hill Partners, Ltd (hereafter collectively referred to as "we", "our", "us", or "FMT"). As advertisers, we are publishers of publicly disseminated information on behalf of our clients, publicly traded companies, or non-affiliate third party shareholders of various issuers. As reiterated below, do not base an investment decision on any of the contents of our Publications.

### Conformity with Anti-Touting Statute - Section 17(b) of the Securities Act of 1933

We receive either monetary or securities compensation for our services in conformity with the anti-touting statute under the federal securities laws, Section 17(b) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), and requires publishers to provide full disclosure of their compensation, as follows:

- Type of compensation (securities or cash) (if securities, whether common stock, preferred stock, warrants, or other type securities) received, or
  to be received (distinguish whether such compensation has been received or to be received and when).
- Identify of the party who paid the compensation, including whether such party is the Issuer, a third-party shareholder, or any other person or entity.
- Amount of securities or cash paid, and date paid or will be paid.

### Additionally, the following must be disclosed:

- If the compensation is in securities, whether the securities are restricted or unrestricted.
- If a corporate entity is the publisher of the information, its control persons must be identified.
- Identity of Person paying (Direct or Indirect) compensation to the stock promoter; and
- If the Publisher is compensated by a third-party shareholder or corporate entity, the shareholder or control persons of the entity must be identified by his or her individual name.

Do Not Use Any Information in Our Publications to Make an Investment Decision

There is no information on our website or distributed otherwise that should be used as the basis for an investment decision.

#### What We are Not

We do not act, directly or indirectly, in the capacity of any of the following and you should not construe our activities as involving any of the following: (a) investment advisor; (b) broker dealer; (c) broker; (d) dealer; (e) stock recommender; (f) stock picker; (g) finder; (h) securities trading expert; (i) financial planner; (j) engaging in the offer and sale of securities; (k) securities analyst; (l) financial analyst; (m) providing price targets or buy or sell recommendations.

### From Whom We Receive Compensation

We receive cash or stock consideration from Issuers or third-party shareholders. With respect to third party shareholders, please be advised that the SEC has interpreted compensation paid to an investor relations firm from Third Party Shareholders, is considered to have emanated from the Issuer itself. As such, any shares received from a Third Party Shareholder under such circumstances must comply with the applicable holding periods under Rule 144 of the Securities Act since such stock issuances would be considered an issuance by the Issuer and therefore restricted.

### **Conflicts of Interest**

Our activities involve multiple potential and/or actual conflicts of interest, since we receive monetary or securities compensation in the very

### **BOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

securities we are promoting, and shortly after we receive the securities compensation, we may promote the securities and sell the securities. The third party shareholder from which we receive compensation also has an actual conflict of interest since he or she or it is paying us securities compensation for promotion services and such non-affiliate third party shareholder may sell other shares held while we are promoting the issuer that issues the stock held by such third party shareholder.

#### **Our Trading**

- Note the following regarding our trading activities, including securities compensation we receive:
- We routinely sell the securities before, during and after its dissemination of the Publication.
- Selling of our securities may result in may result in substantial profits to us.
- Our buying and selling activities may result in increases in the total trading volume of the securities, which may prove advantageous to our selling activities.
- Our buying and selling activities may result in the investing public having to sell at lower trading process, especially if we are selling material
  amounts of shares.

#### **No Warranties**

There are no implied or express warranties regarding the contents of our Publications.

Distribution of the Information in our Publications

The contents of each publication may be distributed, as follows:

- Through our Publications as identified above.
- Sent directly to your email
- Sent to addresses on email lists
- YouTube Channels.
- Re-published by our entity, Gold Standard Media, and sent to select email lists and YouTube Channels booked and scheduled by Gold Standard Media

### **Mining Disclosure**

The Company's publications often pertain to gold and mining stocks, which discuss a direct relationship between the price of gold or silver and the stock price of a gold or silver mining stock. We discuss with respect to various issuers that there is a relationship between the price of gold or silver to the stock price of a gold or silver mining stock, i.e. that the higher the price of gold or silver, the higher the price of the stock. You should use extreme caution in adopting any such conclusions, because such statements do not account for any of the following factors:

- The stage of mining that the public company is engaged in, i.e. whether they are simply an exploration company and have not entered actual mining operations.
- Whether the then current financial condition of the mining company permits such company to have the necessary capital to conduct exploration and/or mining activities.
- The need for financing for exploration and/or mining activities and the possible inability to obtain such financing at all or on acceptable terms or that does not cause significant dilution to shareholders' interests.
- Estimates of proven and probable reserves and mineralized material are subject to significant uncertainty, including a determination that the estimated reserves of mineralized material become uneconomical.

# FOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!

- Status of the worldwide economy
- Development of mineral properties is inherently risky and could lead to unproductive properties and is subject to the ability of the mining
  operator obtaining the necessary capital investments
- Whether additional exploration is required if reserves are not located on already acquired properties, which would negatively impact the financial condition of such gold or silver company or properties or mining operations
- Failure to comply with regulatory requirements
- Whether the public company is a development stage company
- · Mining operations are subject to the risks of increasing operating and capital risks that adversely affect results of operations
- Potential delays, cost overruns, shortages of material or labor, construction defects

Readers should view statements that state that stock prices will be track gold or silver prices with extreme caution and do their research into the Issuer's or operator's financial performance, estimated exploration, extraction and production costs, financial condition, stage of exploration and mining, whether its operations are contingent upon financing. Mining operations are subject to innumerable risks and high rates of failure and create a direct relationship between the price of gold or silver and a gold or silver public company in the absence of other factors is misleading, i.e. stage of exploration or mining, financial condition, all operations contingent on financing, high rate of failure of mining operations.

Accordingly, do not rely upon any claimed relationship between the price of gold and silver and the stock price of a gold and/or silver company, and conduct your own research using reliable sources.

Statements contained in our publications that discuss increases in stock prices of mining stocks over a specified period of time that we do designate reflects an arbitrary period of time and does not take into consideration the inherent and specific risk of mining ventures and possible price volatility of a mining stock. Therefore, these statements should not be relied upon. Do your own research from reliable sources. The foregoing also applies to statements in our publication regarding mining test results and their implications, and references to individuals or entities making significant investments in the companies being profiled. Conduct research from reliable sources, including public reports filed by the mining company with regulatory authorities.

#### **Penny Stock Disclosure**

Many of the securities we profile are considered penny stocks. Penny stocks inherently involve high risk and price volatility. You may lose your entire investment in any penny stock that you invest in. You should be acutely aware of the following information and risks inherent in any penny stock investment that you may make, including any issuer profiled on our websites or otherwise: (a) we receive monetary or securities compensation from persons that claim they are a non-affiliate shareholder or an issuer; however, we conduct no due diligence whatsoever to determine whether in fact they are a non-affiliate; (b) there is an inherent conflict of interest between our information dissemination services involving various issuers and our receipt of compensation from those same issuers; (c) we may buy and sell securities in the securities that we provide information dissemination services, which may cause significant volatility in the issuer's stock, price declines from our selling activities, permit us to make substantial profits while we are disseminating profiles or information about the issuer, yet may result in a diminished value to the stock for investors; (c) we conduct no due diligence on the content of our Publications; (d) Penny stocks are subject to the SEC's penny stock rules and subject broker-dealers to customer suitability rules and other requirements, which may lead to low volume in the securities and/or difficulties in selling the shares; (e) penny stocks are often thinly traded or have low trading volume, which may lead to difficulties in selling your securities and extreme price volatility; (f) many of the penny stocks we profile or provide information about are subject to intense competition, extreme regulatory oversight and inadequate financing to pursue their operational plan; (g) the issuer profiles and information we provide is wholly insufficient to formulate an investment decision and should not be used in any way as a basis for making an investment decision and at the most, it should be used a starting point from which you conduct an in-depth investigation of the issuer from available public sources, such as www.sec.gov, www otcmarkets.com, www.sec.gov, yahoofinance.com, www.google.com and other available public sources as well as consulting with your financial professional, investment adviser, registered representative with a registered securities broker-dealer; (h) we urge you to conduct an in-depth investigation of the issuer from the above or other available sources, especially because we only present positive information, which is an insufficient basis to invest in any stock, yet alone a penny stock; accordingly, you should proceed with such investigation to determine, among other things, information pertaining to the issuer's financial condition, operations, business model, and risks involved in the issuer's business; (i) the issuers we profile may have negative signs on the otcmarkets.com website (i.e. Stop Sign, No Information, Limited Information, Caveat Emptor), which you should determine from entering the symbol of the stock profiled into the otcmarkets.com website; (j) you should determine whether the issuer we profile or provide information about is a development stage company, which is subject to the risks of a development stage company in a similar such business, including difficulties in obtaining financing for operations and future growth; (k) because we only present

# **BOLD AND SILVER MANIPULATION: BIG BULLION BANKS' SUPPRESSION SCHEME!**

positive information regarding an issuer, ; you should conduct an in-depth investigation of any possible negative factors regarding such issuer; (I) our information is "as is" and you your use of the information is at your own risk and such information may change at any time and it is not based upon any verification or due diligence of the statements made; (m) we state that profiled stocks are consistent with future economic trends; however, future economic trends or analysis has its own limitations, including: (i) due to the complexity of economic analysis as well as the individual financial and operational characteristics of an individual issuer, such economic trends or predictions may amount to nothing more than speculation; (ii) consumers, producers, investors, borrowers, lenders and government may react in unforeseen ways and be affected by behavioral biases; (iii) human and social factors may outweigh future economic trends and predictions that we state may or will occur; (iv) clear cut economic predictions have their limitations in that they do not account for the fundamental uncertainty in economic life, as well as ordinary life; (v) economic trends may be disrupted by sudden jumps, disruptions or other factors that are not accounted for in such economic trends analysis; in other words, past or present data predicting future economic trends may become irrelevant in light of fully new circumstances and situations in which uncertainty becomes reality rather than of predictive economic quality; (vi) if the trends involves a single result, it ignores all other scenarios that may be crucial to make a decision in the event of various contingencies; (n) the information we disseminate about issuers contain forward looking statements, i.e. statements or discussions that constitute predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, estimates, projections as indicated by such words as "expects", "will", "anticipates", "estimates; therefore, you should proceed with extreme caution in relying upon such statements and conduct a full investigation into any such forward looking statements; (o) forward looking statements are limited to the time period in which they are made and we do not undertake to update forward looking statements that may change at any time; and (p) we make statements in our profiles that an issuer's stock price has increased over a certain period of time; however, these statements only reflects an arbitrary period of time, and is of little or no predictive or analytical quality.